MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2024

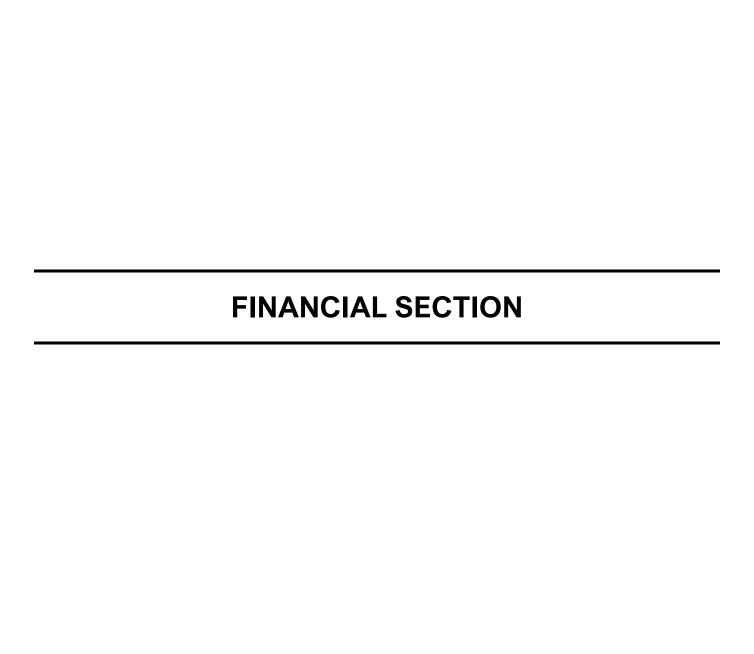
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REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Mountain View Whisman School District Mountain View, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mountain View Whisman School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Mountain View Whisman School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Mountain View Whisman School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Mountain View Whisman School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Mountain View Whisman School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Mountain View Whisman School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Mountain View Whisman School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Local Education Agency Organization Structure but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2024 on our consideration of the Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California November 12, 2024

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

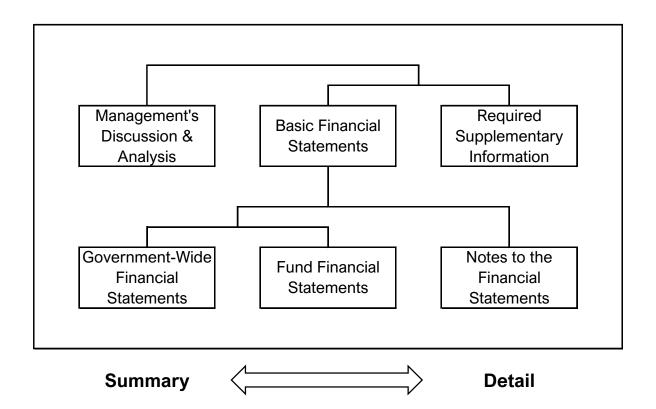
Our discussion and analysis of Mountain View Whisman School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$39,290,323 at June 30, 2024. This was an increase of \$10,624,654 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues of \$155,260,186 exceeded overall expenditures of \$144,635,532.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Property taxes and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$39,290,323 at June 30, 2024, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(12,647,364) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities							
		2024	2023	Net Change				
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$	158,161,010 \$	194,891,716 \$	(36,730,706)				
Capital assets		350,100,873	321,196,760	28,904,113				
Total Assets		508,261,883	516,088,476	(7,826,593)				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		37,050,874	37,604,293	(553,419)				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities		32,163,304	34,149,769	(1,986,465)				
Long-term liabilities		435,758,729	456,912,446	(21,153,717)				
Total Liabilities		467,922,033	491,062,215	(23,140,182)				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		38,100,401	33,964,885	4,135,516				
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		9,157,731	7,314,464	1,843,267				
Restricted		42,779,956	44,394,108	(1,614,152)				
Unrestricted		(12,647,364)	(23,042,903)	10,395,539				
Total Net Position	\$	39,290,323 \$	28,665,669 \$	10,624,654				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities								
		2024		Net Change					
REVENUES									
Program revenues									
Charges for services	\$	807,347	\$	2,413,410	\$	(1,606,063)			
Operating grants and contributions		30,875,142		28,649,344		2,225,798			
Capital grants and contributions		-		4,380,948		(4,380,948)			
General revenues									
Property taxes		107,491,181		103,117,588		4,373,593			
Unrestricted federal and state aid		6,061,007		5,818,776		242,231			
Other		10,025,509		7,460,342		2,565,167			
Total Revenues		155,260,186		151,840,408		3,419,778			
EXPENSES									
Instruction		71,796,283		54,726,449		17,069,834			
Instruction-related services		15,155,723		11,728,099		3,427,624			
Pupil services		10,503,413		8,899,980		1,603,433			
General administration		10,846,320		8,804,754		2,041,566			
Plant services		8,136,048		8,046,657		89,391			
Ancillary services		245,763		202,934		42,829			
Debt service		12,030,677		12,161,486		(130,809)			
Other outgo		850		933,850		(933,000)			
Depreciation		15,920,455		14,525,329		1,395,126			
Total Expenses		144,635,532		120,029,538		24,605,994			
Change in net position		10,624,654		31,810,870		(21,186,216)			
Net Position - Beginning		28,665,669		(3,145,201)		31,810,870			
Net Position - Ending	\$	39,290,323	\$	28,665,669	\$	10,624,654			

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$144,635,532. The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$107,491,181 because the remaining portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions, as well as charges for services and other general revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	 Net Cost of Services						
	2024		2023				
Instruction	\$ 54,117,481	\$	29,864,561				
Instruction-related services	13,672,522		10,717,510				
Pupil services	4,296,392		3,549,020				
General administration	10,015,944		7,977,682				
Plant services	8,136,048		8,003,698				
Ancillary services	208,367		162,443				
Debt service	12,030,677		12,161,486				
Transfers to other agencies	(5,444,843)		(2,375,893)				
Depreciation	 15,920,455		14,525,329				
Total	\$ 112,953,043	\$	84,585,836				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$119,128,354, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$155,985,191. The District's General Fund had \$4,631,720 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's Building Fund had \$41,034,088 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$3,776,690 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2024.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2023-2024

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a periodic basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2023-2024 the District had invested \$350,100,873 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities							
		2024		2023		Net Change		
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Land	\$	1,341,037	\$	1,341,037	\$	-		
Construction in progress		98,925,373		56,512,234		42,413,139		
Buildings & improvements		396,997,716		395,202,890		1,794,826		
Furniture & equipment		6,084,425		5,467,822		616,603		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(153,247,678)		(137,327,223)		(15,920,455)		
Total	\$	350,100,873	\$	321,196,760	\$	28,904,113		

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$435,758,729 in long-term liabilities. This was a decrease of 4.63% from last year's balance, as shown in the table below. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities							
		2024		2023		Net Change		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES						_		
Total general obligation bonds	\$	369,505,536	\$	389,077,063	\$	(19,571,527)		
Compensated absences		85,017		66,419		18,598		
Total OPEB liability		8,414,544		9,704,628		(1,290,084)		
Net pension liability		78,255,799		76,625,050		1,630,749		
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(20,502,167)		(18,560,714)		(1,941,453)		
Total	\$	435,758,729	\$	456,912,446	\$	(21,153,717)		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Several economic factors could impact California school district funding and the District's budget in the next fiscal year:

<u>Long-term Declining Enrollment:</u> Lower birth rates and increased migration out of state have resulted in long-term declining enrollment across California schools. Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private and parochial schools, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions, and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to adjust fixed operating costs.

Revenue Uncertainties: Proposition 98 guarantees have improved over the 2023-24 fiscal year, but the prior 2022-23 revenues fell short of estimates, reducing the guarantee and resulting in the use of Proposition 98 reserves. California faced a significant budget deficit due to a severe revenue decline in 2022-23, driven mainly by lower income tax collections and economic downturns. However, recent tax forecasts show that actual revenues surpass projections. Surpluses could help fund more Proposition 98 revenue for school districts.

<u>Underfunded Pension Liabilities:</u> The District participates in state employee pension plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2024. The amount of the liability is material to the District's financial position. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2024-25 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2024-25 is 27.05 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

<u>Economic Downturn:</u> Higher borrowing costs and reduced investment have slowed economic activity, particularly affecting sectors like technology and startups, which are crucial to California's economy. The unemployment rate is up but might reverse with future jobs in the technology and aerospace industries.

<u>Federal Reserve Actions:</u> The Federal Reserve's interest rate hikes have increased borrowing costs, reducing investment and economic growth.

<u>Stock Market Performance:</u> The steep decline in the stock market in prior years has negatively impacted income tax collections from high-income Californians and corporations. Overall, market performance in 2024 is trending in a positive direction.

These factors contribute to a challenging fiscal environment, potentially affecting the state's ability to maintain or increase funding for school districts. All these factors were considered in preparing the District's 2024-25 fiscal year budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Business Services at 1400 Montecito Avenue, Mountain View, CA 94043.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 121,226,130
Accounts receivable	5,271,846
Inventory	117,118
Prepaid expenses	395,225
Note receivable	1,504,058
Leases receivable	29,646,633
Capital assets, not depreciated	100,266,410
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	249,834,463
Total Assets	508,261,883
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	29,768,518
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,190,282
Deferred amount on refunding	6,092,074
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	37,050,874
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	10,382,568
Unearned revenue	1,278,569
Long-term liabilities, current portion	20,502,167
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	435,758,729
Total Liabilities	467,922,033
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	5,969,423
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	2,484,345
Deferred inflows related to leases	29,646,633
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	38,100,401
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	9,157,731
Restricted:	
Capital projects	13,607,205
Debt service	17,068,486
Educational programs	10,808,906
Food service	1,278,256
Associated student body	17,103
Unrestricted	(12,647,364)
Total Net Position	\$ 39,290,323

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				Program	Reve	nues	(evenues and Changes in let Position	
				riogram		Operating			
			С	harges for		Grants and	G	overnmental	
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services		ontributions		Activities	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
Instruction	\$	71,796,283	\$	479,553	\$	17,199,249	\$	(54,117,481)	
Instruction-related services								,	
Instructional supervision and administration		5,230,486		1,329		521,190		(4,707,967)	
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,300,260		5,386		95,742		(1,199,132)	
School site administration		8,624,977		1,556		857,998		(7,765,423)	
Pupil services				•		•		(, , , ,	
Home-to-school transportation		1,489,363		35		10,968		(1,478,360)	
Food services		4,475,807		894		4,863,853		388,940	
All other pupil services		4,538,243		6,790		1,324,481		(3,206,972)	
General administration				•				,	
Centralized data processing		2,018,890		18,498		527,479		(1,472,913)	
All other general administration		8,827,430		3,431		280,968		(8,543,031)	
Plant services		8,136,048		-		-		(8,136,048)	
Ancillary services		245,763		1,572		35,824		(208,367)	
Interest on long-term debt		12,030,677		-		· -		(12,030,677)	
Other outgo		850		288,303		5,157,390		5,444,843	
Depreciation (unallocated)		15,920,455		-		-		(15,920,455)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	144,635,532	\$	807,347	\$	30,875,142		(112,953,043)	
	Gen	eral revenues						<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
	Tax	xes and subventi	ions						
	Р	roperty taxes, le	vied fo	r general purp	oses			77,730,666	
		roperty taxes, le						26,845,748	
	Р	roperty taxes, le	vied fo	r other specific	purp	ooses		2,914,767	
		ederal and state						6,061,007	
		erest and investr			•			3,136,158	
		eragency revenu		Ü				8,192	
		scellaneous						6,881,159	
	Sub	total, General R	evenu	е				123,577,697	
		NGE IN NET PO						10,624,654	
	Net I	Position - Begii	nning					28,665,669	
		Position - Endi	•				\$	39,290,323	

Net (Expenses)

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	Ge	eneral Fund	Building Fund		Building Fund		Building Fund		Building Fund				Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		G	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS																			
Cash and investments	\$	60,980,760	\$	20,274,854	\$	20,744,415	\$	19,226,101	\$	121,226,130									
Accounts receivable		3,793,613		222,049		103,243		1,152,941		5,271,846									
Due from other funds		99,580		-		-		274,068		373,648									
Stores inventory		12,407		-		-		104,711		117,118									
Prepaid expenditures		395,225		-		-		-		395,225									
Lease receivable		29,646,633		-		-		-		29,646,633									
Total Assets	\$	94,928,218	\$	20,496,903	\$	20,847,658	\$	20,757,821	\$	157,030,600									
LIABILITIES																			
Accrued liabilities	\$	1,125,135	\$	5,461,280	\$	-	\$	16,981	\$	6,603,396									
Due to other funds		274,068		-		-		99,580		373,648									
Unearned revenue		578,607		-		-		699,962		1,278,569									
Total Liabilities		1,977,810		5,461,280		-		816,523		8,255,613									
DEFERRED INFLOWS																			
Deferred inflows related to leases		29,646,633		-		-		-		29,646,633									
Total Deferred Inflows		29,646,633		-		-		-		29,646,633									
FUND BALANCES																			
Nonspendable		415,632		-		-		104,711		520,343									
Restricted		9,978,658		15,035,623		20,847,658		15,732,812		61,594,751									
Assigned		7,171,914		-		-		4,103,775		11,275,689									
Unassigned		45,737,571		-		-		-		45,737,571									
Total Fund Balances		63,303,775		15,035,623		20,847,658		19,941,298		119,128,354									
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows																			
and Fund Balances	\$	94,928,218	\$	20,496,903	\$	20,847,658	\$	20,757,821	\$	157,030,600									

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 119,128,354

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:

Capital assets \$ 503,348,551 Accumulated depreciation \$ 153,247,678 \$ 350,100,873

Deferred amount on refunding:

In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide financial statements:

6,092,074

Note receivable:

In the governmental funds, receivables are recognized only to the extent that they are "available", meaning it will be collected within one year. In the government-wide statements, long-term receivables are recognized. The amount of receivables that were not recognized in governmental funds, but are recognized in the government-wide statements, is:

1,504,058

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(3,779,172)

Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Total general obligation bonds \$ 369,505,536

Compensated absences \$ 85,017

Total OPEB liability \$ 8,414,544

Net pension liability 78,255,799 (456,260,896)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 29,768,518

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions \$ (5,969,423) 23,799,095

(continued on the following page)

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued JUNE 30, 2024

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 1,190,282

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB \$ (2,484,345)

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (2,484,345) (1,294,063)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 39,290,323

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ge	neral Fund	Buile	ding Fund		ond Interest and edemption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$	82,350,507	\$	-	\$	-	\$	\$	82,350,507
Federal sources		3,621,403		-		-	1,829,522		5,450,925
Other state sources		10,245,975		-		33,842	5,640,262		15,920,079
Other local sources		22,028,671		2,863,128		27,584,869	2,782,520		55,259,188
Total Revenues		118,246,556		2,863,128		27,618,711	10,252,304		158,980,699
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction		72,327,943		-		-	1,931,370		74,259,313
Instruction-related services									
Instructional supervision and administration		5,406,500		-		-	-		5,406,500
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,301,482		-		-	-		1,301,482
School site administration		8,313,345		-		-	516,054		8,829,399
Pupil services		, ,					,		
Home-to-school transportation		1,487,803		-		-	-		1,487,803
Food services		500,072		-		-	3,953,916		4,453,988
All other pupil services		4,662,062		-		-			4,662,062
General administration									
Centralized data processing		2,210,995		-		-	_		2,210,995
All other general administration		8,779,505		-		-	99,580		8,879,085
Plant services		8,382,436		-		-	-		8,382,436
Facilities acquisition and construction		5,987		43,896,366		-	443,756		44,346,109
Ancillary services		236,706		-		-	10,313		247,019
Debt service		,					-,-		,-
Principal		_		_		13,730,397	_		13,730,397
Interest and other		_		850		17,665,004	_		17,665,854
Total Expenditures		113,614,836		43,897,216		31,395,401	6,954,989		195,862,442
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		,,		,,		- 1,000,000	2,000.,000		,
Over Expenditures		4,631,720		(41,034,088))	(3,776,690)	3,297,315		(36,881,743)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	1,001,100		(11,001,000)		(=,::=,===)	-,,		(00,000,00)
Transfers in		_		_		_	299,988		299,988
Other sources		24,906		_		_	200,000		24,906
Transfers out		(299,988)		_		_	_		(299,988)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(275,082)					299,988		24,906
st i manoning obaroos (osco)		(210,002)					200,000		,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		4,356,638		(41,034,088))	(3,776,690)	3,597,303		(36,856,837)
Fund Balance - Beginning		58,947,137		56,069,711		24,624,348	16,343,995		155,985,191
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	63,303,775	\$	15,035,623	\$	20,847,658	\$ 19,941,298	\$	119,128,354

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ (36,856,837)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 44,824,568

Depreciation expense: (15,920,455) 28,904,113

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

13,730,397

Deferred amounts on refunding:

In governmental funds, deferred amounts on refunding are recognized in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, the deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt. The net effect of the deferred amounts on refunding during the period was:

(359,478)

Note receivable payments:

In governmental funds, payments received for the long-term note receivable are recorded as revenues. In the government-wide statements, the principal portion of payments received for the long-term note receivable are recorded as a reduction of the note. The principal payments received during the period were:

(24,906)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

152,675

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

5.238.807

(continued on the following page)

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(18,598)

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

244.728

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(988,570)

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

602,323

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 10,624,654

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Mountain View Whisman School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Student Activity Fund: This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Leases Receivable

Leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectable amounts. An associated deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable, plus any prepayments at the beginning of the lease. The deferred inflow is amortized over the term of the lease using the effective interest method.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$25,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements
Furniture and Equipment
Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

20 to 50 years 5 to 20 years 8 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, leases receivable (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 99 – In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 102 – In December 2023, GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2024. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 103 – In April 2024, GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2025. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental				
		Activities			
Investment in county treasury	\$	122,994,431			
Fair value adjustment		(1,821,783)			
Cash on hand and in banks		22,302			
Cash with fiscal agent		23,180			
Cash in revolving fund		8,000			
Total	_ \$	121,226,130			

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

B. Policies and Practices (continued)

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Santa Clara County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Cash with Fiscal Agent – At June 30, 2024, the District held an account balance with US Bank that is restricted for construction costs for various capital improvements.

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of \$121,172,648. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 548 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated.

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2024, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Santa Clara County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

G. Fair Value (continued)

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Ur	Uncategorized			
Investment in county treasury	\$	121,172,648			
Total	\$	121,172,648			

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES

A. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

					Non-Major					
	0	F d	_			nd Interest and	G	Sovernmental	G	overnmental
Federal Government	Gen	eral Fund	В	uilding Fund	Red	demption Fund		Funds		Activities
Categorical aid	\$	2,266,072	\$	-	\$	_	\$	318,202	\$	2,584,274
State Government										, ,
Apportionment		227,056		-		-		-		227,056
Categorical aid		285,046		-		-		620,184		905,230
Lottery		290,391		-		-		-		290,391
Local Government										
Other local sources		725,048		222,049		103,243		214,555		1,264,895
Total	\$	3,793,613	\$	222,049	\$	103,243	\$	1,152,941	\$	5,271,846

B. Note Receivable

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District issued a home loan to the Superintendent in the amount of \$1,573,616. The note bears an interest rate of 1.58% and matures in August 2066. At June 30, 2024, the principal balance expected to be collected in less than one year was \$25,302 and the non-current portion of the note receivable was \$1,478,756.

C. <u>Leases Receivable</u>

The District is the lessor in a lease agreement with Action Day – Primary Plus for the use of the site commonly known as the Cooper Site. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$3,008,547. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the lessee was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$62,079. Monthly fixed payments increase by 3% in each year of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 0.55%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024 was \$3,008,547 and the District recognized lease revenue of \$668,968 during the fiscal year. The lease term ends on June 30, 2028, and does not include any options to extend.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 3 – RECEIVABLES (continued)

C. Leases Receivable (continued)

The District is the lessor in a lease agreement with Google for the use of the Glayds Avenue site. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$10,344,488. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the lessee was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$205,503. Monthly fixed payments increase by 3% in each year of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 1.30%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024 was \$10,344,488 and the District recognized lease revenue of \$2,315,218 during the fiscal year. The lease term ends on June 30, 2028, and does not include any options to extend.

The District is also the lessor in a lease agreement with Google for the use of the San Luis Avenue site. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$2,143,035. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the lessee was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$42,573. Monthly fixed payments increase by 3% in each year of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 1.30%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024 was \$2,143,035 and the District recognized lease revenue of \$479,637 during the fiscal year. The lease term ends on June 30, 2028, and does not include any options to extend.

The District is also the lessor in a lease agreement with the German School of Silicon Valley for the use of the Easy Street site. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable is \$14,150,563. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the lessee was required to make monthly fixed payments of \$190,032. Monthly fixed payments increase by 3% in each year of the lease. The lease has an interest rate of 2.30%. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024 was \$14,150,563 and the District recognized lease revenue of \$1,930,786 during the fiscal year. The lease term ends on June 30, 2045, and does not include any options to extend.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	J	Balance uly 01, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Jı	Balance une 30, 2024
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	1,341,037	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,341,037
Construction in progress		56,512,234	44,269,237	1,856,098		98,925,373
Total capital assets not being depreciated		57,853,271	44,269,237	1,856,098		100,266,410
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings & improvements		395,202,890	1,794,826	-		396,997,716
Furniture & equipment		5,467,822	616,603	-		6,084,425
Total capital assets being depreciated		400,670,712	2,411,429	-		403,082,141
Less: Accumulated depreciation						
Buildings & improvements		132,824,569	15,526,919	-		148,351,488
Furniture & equipment		4,502,654	393,536	_		4,896,190
Total accumulated depreciation		137,327,223	15,920,455	-		153,247,678
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		263,343,489	(13,509,026)	-		249,834,463
Governmental Activities		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital Assets, net	\$	321,196,760	\$ 30,760,211	\$ 1,856,098	\$	350,100,873

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

As of June 30, 2024, interfund payables and receivables consisted of the following:

	Due From Other Funds Non-Major										
		Governmental									
Due To Other Funds	Gen	eral Fund	Funds			Total					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	274,068	\$	274,068					
Non-Major Governmental Funds		99,580		-		99,580					
Total	\$	99,580	\$	274,068	\$	373,648					
Due from the Child Development Fund to the General F	Fund for indirect cos	sts.			\$	99,580					
Due from the General Fund to the Child Development F	Fund for program co	ontribution.				274,068					
Total					\$	373,648					

B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

		Interfund Transfers In				
		on-Major vernmental				
Interfund Transfers Out	_	Funds		Total		
General Fund	\$	299,988	\$	299,988		
Total	\$	299,988	\$	299,988		
Transfer from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund for program contribution.			\$	274,068		
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for contribution to support	ort capital	projects.		25,920		
Total			\$	299,988		

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

						Non-Major overnmental		,	Sovernmental
	Ge	neral Fund	В	uilding Fund	G	Funds	District-Wide	•	Activities
Payroll	\$	417,142	\$	198	\$	7,786	\$ -	\$	425,126
Construction		-		5,461,082		6,460	-		5,467,542
Vendors payable		704,856		-		2,735	-		707,591
Due to grantor government		3,137		-		-	-		3,137
Unmatured interest		-		-		-	3,779,172		3,779,172
Total	\$	1,125,135	\$	5,461,280	\$	16,981	\$ 3,779,172	\$	10,382,568

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major					
			G	overnmental	Governmental				
	Gene	eral Fund		Funds		Activities			
Federal sources	\$	127	\$	73,362	\$	73,489			
State categorical sources		102,870		570,920		673,790			
Local sources		475,610		55,680		531,290			
Total	\$	578,607	\$	699,962	\$	1,278,569			

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	J	Balance uly 01, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities						
General obligation bonds	\$	367,202,380	\$ -	\$ 13,730,397	\$ 353,471,983	\$ 11,981,983
Unamortized premium		9,201,179	-	602,323	8,598,856	582,167
Accreted interest		12,673,504	870,796	6,109,603	7,434,697	7,938,017
Total general obligation bonds		389,077,063	870,796	20,442,323	369,505,536	20,502,167
Compensated absences		66,419	18,598	-	85,017	_
Total OPEB liability		9,704,628	-	1,290,084	8,414,544	-
Net pension liability		76,625,050	1,630,749	-	78,255,799	-
Total	\$	475,473,160	\$ 2,520,143	\$ 21,732,407	\$ 456,260,896	\$ 20,502,167

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

A. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$85,017. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$9,704,628 and decreased by \$1,290,084 during the year ended June 30, 2024. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 was \$8,414,544. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

C. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$76,625,050 and increased by \$1,630,749 during the year ended June 30, 2024. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2024 was \$78,255,799. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds

The following schedule summarizes the District's outstanding general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2024:

Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds utstanding uly 01, 2023	Additions		Deductions	Bonds Outstanding une 30, 2024
1996 GOB Series C	1999	2/1/2024	4.30% - 5.53%	\$ 6,499,471	\$ 1,923,266	\$	-	\$ 1,923,266	\$ -
1996 GOB Series D	2000	2/1/2025	5.11% - 6.28%	5,298,641	2,454,114		-	232,131	2,221,983
2012 GOB Series A	2013	9/1/2040	3.02% - 4.00%	50,000,000	555,000		-	555,000	-
2015 GOB Refunding	2016	7/1/2024	2.00% - 5.00%	4,895,000	1,105,000		-	620,000	485,000
2012 GOB Series B	2016	9/1/2042	2.00% - 5.00%	148,000,000	77,645,000		-	1,270,000	76,375,000
2020 Refunding	2020	9/1/2037	1.488% - 2.475%	29,750,000	28,825,000		-	355,000	28,470,000
2020 Series A	2020	9/1/2045	3.00% - 4.00%	46,600,000	40,880,000		-	-	40,880,000
2020 Series A-1	2020	9/1/2032	1.043% - 3.450%	38,400,000	31,405,000		-	2,275,000	29,130,000
2021 Refunding	2021	9/1/2042	0.151% - 2.759%	84,070,000	82,410,000		-	785,000	81,625,000
2020 Series B	2022	9/1/2045	4.00% - 5.00%	100,000,000	100,000,000		-	5,715,000	94,285,000
Total					\$ 367,202,380	\$	-	\$ 13,730,397	\$ 353,471,983

The annual requirements to amortize the District's general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal*	Interest			Total
2025	\$ 11,981,983	\$	17,656,255	\$	29,638,238
2026	6,565,000		19,098,559		25,663,559
2027	7,400,000		10,910,819		18,310,819
2028	8,255,000		10,721,629		18,976,629
2029	9,055,000		10,493,849		19,548,849
2030 - 2034	63,630,000		48,971,265		112,601,265
2035 - 2039	99,570,000		37,093,160		136,663,160
2040 - 2044	116,965,000		18,321,258		135,286,258
2045 - 2046	30,050,000		2,603,661		32,653,661
Total	\$ 353,471,983	\$	175,870,454	\$	529,342,437

^{*}Principal balance does not include accreted interest of \$7,434,697 at June 30, 2024.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2024:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Buil	ding Fund	d Interest and emption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Non-spendable								
Revolving cash	\$	8,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	8,000
Stores inventory		12,407		-	-	104,711		117,118
Prepaid expenditures		395,225		-	-	-		395,225
Total non-spendable		415,632		-	-	104,711		520,343
Restricted								
Educational programs		9,978,658		-	-	830,248		10,808,906
Food service		-		-	-	1,278,256		1,278,256
Associated student body		-		-	-	17,103		17,103
Capital projects		-		15,035,623	-	13,607,205		28,642,828
Debt service		-		-	20,847,658	-		20,847,658
Total restricted		9,978,658		15,035,623	20,847,658	15,732,812		61,594,751
Assigned								
Postemployment benefits		7,171,914		-	-	-		7,171,914
Other assignments		-		-	-	4,103,775		4,103,775
Total assigned		7,171,914		-	-	4,103,775		11,275,689
Unassigned		45,737,571		-	-	-		45,737,571
Total	\$	63,303,775	\$	15,035,623	\$ 20,847,658	\$ 19,941,298	\$	119,128,354

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 3 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Mountain View Whisman School District's single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, the Mountain View Whisman School District's Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

B. Benefits Provided

The District contributes toward post-retirement benefits for employees who retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. The District will pay the monthly premiums according to the percentages described below. Coverage under this program is available to CSEA, and CTA members, as well as Confidential, Supervisory, Classified Management and Certificated Administrators.

The District payment is pro-rated for employees who were at least 50%, but less than 100%, FTE at the time of retirement. Payments continue for a maximum of 5 years, or until age 65 (eligibility for Medicare/Medical) or death, whichever is first. After this benefit period has expired, the retiree may not continue coverage under the District plan. No benefits are paid to surviving spouses or other beneficiaries after the death of the retired employee.

For certificated employees: No benefits are paid if hired after December 6, 2010. The maximum benefit payable for all certificated retirees is 95% of the one-party rate for single, or 90% of the two-party rate for two-party.

For classified employees: If retired before January 1, 2017, the maximum benefit payable is 95% of the two-party rate. If retired after December 31, 2016, the maximum benefit payable is 95% of the one-party rate for single, or 90% of the two-party rate for two-party.

For management employees: No benefits are paid if hired after December 6, 2010. The maximum benefit payable for all management retirees is 95% of the one-party rate for single, or 90% of the two-party rate for two-party.

C. Contributions

For the measurement period, the District contributed \$621,218 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

Number of

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	_participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	26
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	145
Total number of participants**	171

^{*}Information not provided

^{**}As of the June 30, 2023 valuation date

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Economic assumptions:

Inflation 2.75% Salary increases 3.00% Discount rate 4.13%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.00% for medical; 4.00% for dental and vision

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality:

Certificated 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table

Classified 2021 CalPERS OPEB Assumptions Model

Retirement rates:

Probability of retirement is assumed to range from 10% at age 55 to 30% at age 64.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were selected by the District in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75.

The discount rate was based on the 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

F. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Ju	ne 30, 2024
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	272,319
Interest on total OPEB liability		384,215
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,303,240)
Changes of assumptions		(22,160)
Benefits payments	-	(621,218)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,290,084)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	-	9,704,628
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	8,414,544

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Mountain View Whisman School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			\	/aluation				
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase		
		(3.13%)		(4.13%)	(5.13%)			
Total OPEB liability	\$	8,992,877	\$	8,414,544	\$	7,883,351		

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Mountain View Whisman School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Valuation Trend						
	1% Decrease			Rate		1% Increase	
		(4.00%)		(5.00%)		(6.00%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	7,823,843	\$	8,414,544	\$	9,073,476	

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Mountain View Whisman School District recognized OPEB expense of \$412,974. At June 30, 2024, the Mountain View Whisman School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 274,055	\$	1,425,220		
Changes in assumptions	530,058		1,059,125		
District contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date	 386,169		-		
Total	\$ 1,190,282	\$	2,484,345		

The \$386,169 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of	Resources
2025	\$	169,874	\$	413,434
2026		169,874		413,434
2027		169,874		413,434
2028		166,326		396,095
2029		103,681		384,535
Thereafter		24,484		463,413
Total	\$	804,113	\$	2,484,345

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

				Deferred	Defe	erred inflows		
	N	et pension	out	flows related	r	elated to		
		liability	to	o pensions		pensions	Pens	sion expense
CalSTRS Pension	\$	44,506,061	\$	18,240,933	\$	4,193,989	\$	8,491,429
CalPERS Pension		33,749,738		11,527,585		1,775,434		5,110,357
Total	\$	78,255,799	\$	29,768,518	\$	5,969,423	\$	13,601,786

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2024, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2024 was 19.10% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$7,782,605 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$3,410,842 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 44,506,061
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	 21,324,491
Total	\$ 65,830,552

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.058 percent, which was a decrease of 0.002 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,491,429. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(309,671) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	190,504
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	3,497,443 257,706		2,381,300
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	231,100		-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent	6,703,179		1,622,185
to the measurement date	7,782,605		-
Total	\$ 18,240,933	\$	4,193,989

The \$7,782,605 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of	Resources
2025	\$	\$ 2,916,492		2,412,401
2026		2,162,104		3,195,454
2027		1,647,195		(2,761,010)
2028		1,679,848		818,174
2029		1,471,241		334,316
2030		581,448		194,654
Total	\$	10,458,328	\$	4,193,989

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*}Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2023 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	38%	5.25%
Real Estate	15%	4.05%
Private Equity	14%	6.75%
Fixed Income	14%	2.45%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	2.25%
Inflation Sensitive	7%	3.65%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	0.05%
	100%	

^{*}Real return is net of assumed 2.75% inflation.

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%	
	 Decrease (6.10%)	Di	scount Rate (7.10%)	Increase (8.10%)	
District's proportionate share of	 _		_	_	
the net pension liability	\$ 74,655,366	\$	44,506,061	\$ 19,463,549	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 8.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2024 was 26.68% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$4,830,611 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$33,749,738 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.093 percent, which was a decrease of 0.008 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,110,357. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	3.604.955	\$	_
Differences between expected and	Ψ	0,00 1,000	Ψ	
actual experience		1,231,623		518,346
Changes in assumptions		1,554,837		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		305,559		1,257,088
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		4,830,611		
Total	\$	11,527,585	\$	1,775,434

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$4,830,611 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 rred Inflows Resources
2025	\$	2,235,507	\$ 713,349
2026		1,578,410	671,953
2027		2,770,868	390,132
2028		112,189	
Total	\$	6,696,974	\$ 1,775,434

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	6.90%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 80% of scale MP 2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 2000 through 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1 – 10*
Global Equity – cap-weighted	30.0%	4.54%
Global Equity – non-cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.0%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10.0%	1.56%
High yield	5.0%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5.0%	2.48%
Private debt	5.0%	3.57%
Real assets	15.0%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.0)%	(0.59)%
	100.0%	

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period. Figures are based on the 2021-22 CalPERS Asset Liability Management Study

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (5.90%)	Di	scount Rate (6.90%)	Increase (7.90%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 48,793,397	\$	33,749,738	\$ 21,316,496

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

B. <u>Litigation</u>

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects of \$16,082,882.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in two joint ventures under joint powers authorities (JPAs), the Santa Clara County School District Insurance Group and the South Bay Area Schools Insurance Authority. The relationships between the District and the JPAs are such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units, and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements. However, fund transactions between the JPAs and the District are included in these statements. The audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2024, the deferred amount on refunding was \$6,092,074.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 14 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (continued)

B. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2024, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$29,768,518 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$5,969,423.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2024, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,190,282 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$2,484,345.

D. Leases

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, the District recognized deferred inflows of resources related to leases in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 3. At June 30, 2024, total deferred inflows related to leases was \$29,646,633.

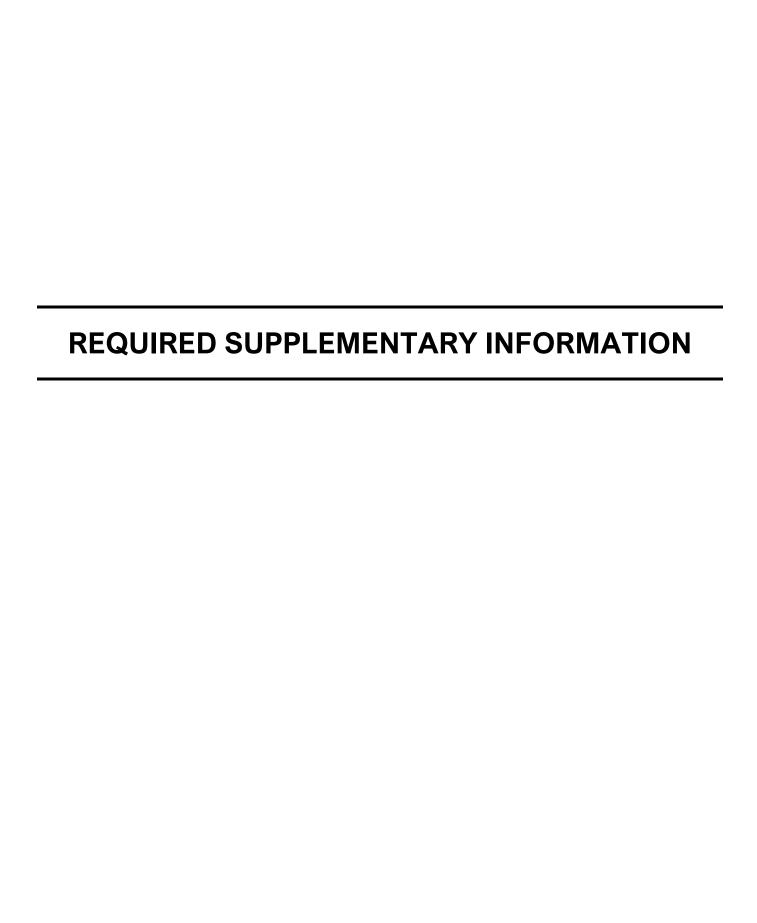
NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. General Obligation Bonds

On July 23, 2024, the District issued \$74,000,000 of Election of 2020, Series C general obligation bonds to finance construction, improvement and modernization projects within the District. Debt service payments will be due semiannually in March and September of each year, beginning on September 1, 2024. The bonds will fully mature on September 1, 2045.

B. Note Receivable

Additionally, the terms of the District's note receivable have changed following Dr. Ayindé Rudolph's resignation in November 2024. As a result, the outstanding balance of the promissory note and 40% of the appreciated value of the related residence are due no later than June 30, 2025.



MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual*	Variances -	
	 Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Final to Actual	
REVENUES							_
LCFF sources	\$ 78,556,881	\$	81,297,973	\$	82,350,507	\$ 1,052,534	
Federal sources	2,648,708		3,858,538		3,621,403	(237,135))
Other state sources	8,565,380		9,122,415		10,245,975	1,123,560	
Other local sources	 17,246,042		17,510,114		21,687,379	4,177,265	
Total Revenues	107,017,011		111,789,040		117,905,264	6,116,224	_
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries	42,543,456		42,080,863		41,650,712	430,151	
Classified salaries	17,952,465		18,891,302		18,791,378	99,924	
Employee benefits	28,955,336		28,050,618		27,612,094	438,524	
Books and supplies	3,612,909		5,799,134		3,705,561	2,093,573	
Services and other operating expenditures	18,148,232		22,790,075		21,406,046	1,384,029	
Capital outlay	-		268,338		548,625	(280,287))
Other outgo							
Transfers of indirect costs	(70,844)		(70,844)		(99,580)	28,736	
Total Expenditures	111,141,554		117,809,486		113,614,836	4,194,650	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 (4,124,543)		(6,020,446)		4,290,428	10,310,874	_
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Other sources	24,906		24,906		24,906	-	
Transfers out	 (514,753)		(346,503)		(299,988)	46,515	_
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (489,847)		(321,597)		(275,082)	46,515	_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,614,390)		(6,342,043)		4,015,346	10,357,389	
Fund Balance - Beginning	52,116,515		52,116,515		52,116,515		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 47,502,125	\$	45,774,472	\$	56,131,861	\$ 10,357,389	_

^{*}The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ju	ıne 30, 2024	_Jι	ıne 30, 2023	Jι	ıne 30, 2022	Jı	ıne 30, 2021	Jı	ıne 30, 2020	Jι	ıne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability														
Service cost	\$	272,319	\$	371,581	\$	379,809	\$	681,327	\$	460,155	\$	436,180	\$	452,828
Interest on total OPEB liability		384,215		233,568		261,284		301,098		287,784		290,167		249,315
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		(1,471,866)		1,092,726		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,303,240)		-		452,786		-		(530,122)		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(22,160)		(1,277,769)		464,347		91,012		296,584		105,753		(300,550)
Benefits payments		(621,218)		(673,758)		(659,820)		(482,063)		(462,449)		(428,404)		(233,400)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(1,290,084)		(1,346,378)		898,406		(880,492)		1,144,678		403,696		168,193
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,704,628		11,051,006		10,152,600		11,033,092		9,888,414		9,484,718		9,316,525
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	8,414,544	\$	9,704,628	\$	11,051,006	\$	10,152,600	\$	11,033,092	\$	9,888,414	\$	9,484,718
Covered-employee payroll	\$	56,246,152	\$	52,823,480	\$	49,412,614	\$	44,618,050	\$	42,731,864	\$	41,984,112	\$	31,356,258
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.0%		18.4%		22.4%		22.8%		25.8%		23.6%		30.2%

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ju	ıne 30, 2024	Jı	une 30, 2023	Ju	ıne 30, 2022	Ju	une 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	J	une 30, 2018	Jı	une 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	J	une 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.058%		0.060%		0.059%		0.057%		0.058%		0.054%		0.047%		0.046%		0.047%		0.044%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	44,506,061	\$	42,025,747	\$	28,834,911	\$	55,146,532	\$	52,521,825	\$	49,447,133	\$	43,626,074	\$	37,098,758	\$	31,718,119	\$	24,078,216
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	21,324,491 65,830,552	\$	21,046,617 63,072,364	\$	13,502,567 42,337,478	\$	28,427,813 83,574,345	-\$	28,654,393 81,176,218	\$	28,310,935 77,758,068	-\$	25,809,026 69,435,100	\$	21,122,770 58,221,528	\$	16,775,344 48,493,463	\$	15,691,855 39,770,071
District's covered payroll	\$	36,701,857	\$	34,789,560	\$	32,863,193	\$	31,923,301	\$	31,440,838	\$	28,744,156	\$	24,944,406	\$	23,030,716	\$	22,093,840	\$	19,806,936
Districts proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		121.26%		120.80%		87.74%		172.75%		167.05%		172.02%		174.89%		161.08%		143.56%		121.56%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.60%		81.20%		87.20%		71.80%		72.60%		71.00%		69.46%		70.04%		74.02%		76.52%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Jı	ıne 30, 2024	Ju	ıne 30, 2023	Jı	une 30, 2022	Jı	une 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	Jı	ıne 30, 2018	Ju	ine 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.093%		0.101%		0.100%		0.096%		0.092%		0.096%		0.093%		0.082%		0.080%		0.072%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	33,749,738	\$	34,599,303	\$	20,425,248	\$	29,464,946	\$	26,917,352	\$	25,499,668	\$	22,157,000	\$	16,247,860	\$	11,751,207	\$	8,116,991
District's covered payroll	\$	16,312,598	\$	15,528,162	\$	14,489,723	\$	13,914,008	\$	12,885,250	\$	12,611,619	\$	11,839,285	\$	9,871,396	\$	7,453,056	\$	7,506,109
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		206.89%		222.82%		140.96%		211.76%		208.90%		202.19%		187.15%		164.60%		157.67%		108.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.00%		69.80%		81.00%		70.00%		70.00%		70.80%		71.87%		73.90%		79.43%		83.38%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ju	ne 30, 2024	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Jı	une 30, 2022	_Jι	une 30, 2021	Jı	une 30, 2020	Jı	ıne 30, 2019	Jι	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	7,782,605	\$	6,862,507	\$	5,775,857	\$	5,247,028	\$	5,359,046	\$	5,115,182	\$	4,162,395	\$	3,225,298	\$	2,461,735	\$	1,634,064
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(7,782,605)		(6,862,507)		(5,775,857)		(5,247,028)		(5,359,046)		(5,115,182)		(4,162,395)		(3,225,298)		(2,461,735)		(1,634,064)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	41,640,330	\$	36,701,857	\$	34,789,560	\$	32,863,193	\$	31,923,301	\$	31,440,838	\$	28,744,156	\$	24,944,406	\$	23,030,716	\$	22,093,840
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		18.69%		18.70%		16.60%		15.97%		16.79%		16.27%		14.48%		12.93%		10.69%		7.40%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Ju	ine 30, 2024	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ine 30, 2022	Ju	ıne 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	4,830,611	\$	4,085,212	\$	3,533,230	\$	2,985,305	\$	2,730,329	\$	2,310,644	\$	1,960,977	\$	1,646,687	\$	1,169,814	\$	1,038,983
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(4,830,611)		(4,085,212)		(3,533,230)		(2,985,305)		(2,730,329)		(2,310,644)		(1,960,977)		(1,646,687)		(1,169,814)		(1,038,983)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	18,352,722	\$	16,312,598	\$	15,528,162	\$	14,489,723	\$	13,914,008	\$	12,885,250	\$	12,611,619	\$	11,839,285	\$	9,871,396	\$	7,453,056
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		26.32%		25.04%		22.75%		20.60%		19.62%		17.93%		15.55%		13.91%		11.85%		13.94%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate has increased since the prior measurement date from 4.09% to 4.13%.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS or CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS or CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

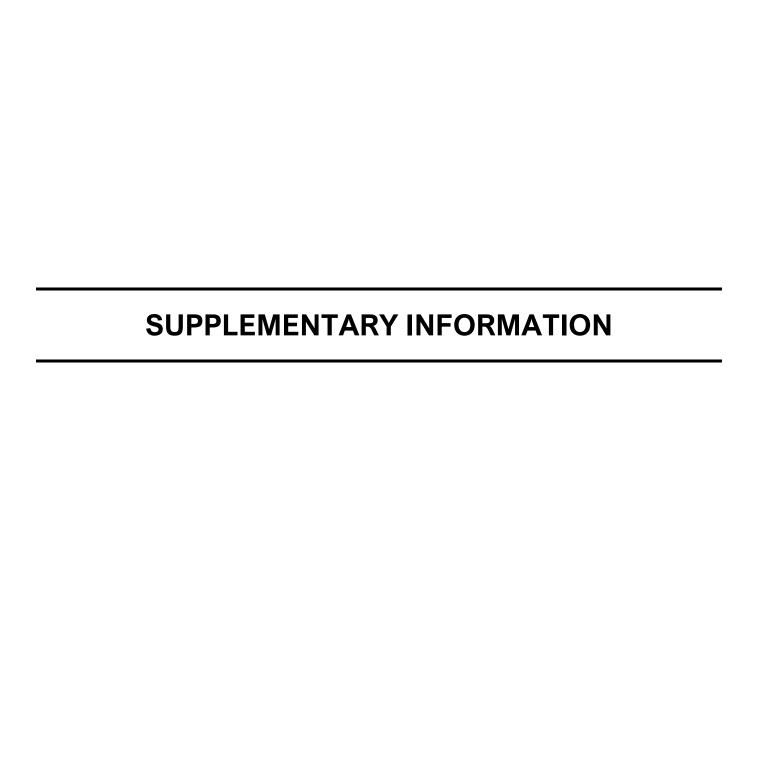
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major fund presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	Expe	ndit	ures and Other	Use	S
	Budget		Actual		Excess
\$	268,338	\$	548,625	\$	280,287



MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT **SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:		- idonary mg ridinidor	<u> </u>
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 293,367
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	161,614
Title III			- ,-
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	151,901
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	23,900
Subtotal Title III			175,801
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	17,927
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	1,346,931
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	54,545
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	66,382
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	520
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			1,468,378
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants: [1]			
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425	15559	912,085
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620	173,782
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621	413,031
American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II) Program	84.425	15566	5,418
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants			1,504,316
Total U. S. Department of Education			3,621,403
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster [1]			
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525	291,259
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	133,312
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	889,373
USDA Commodities	10.555	*	189,000
Supply Chain Assistance Funds	10.555	15655	155,201
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			1,658,145
Passed through California Department of Social Services:			
CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day Care	10.558	13393	44,623
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			1,702,768
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Education:		40040	
Head Start	93.600	10016	11,944
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			11,944
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 5,336,115

^{[1] -} Major Program
* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	2,025.70	2,031.30
Extended Year Special Education	1.82	1.82
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	3.82	3.73
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.26	0.26
Total TK/K through Third	2,031.60	2,037.11
Fourth through Sixth		_
Regular ADA	1,395.46	1,398.33
Extended Year Special Education	1.15	1.15
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	10.14	9.05
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.64	0.64
Total Fourth through Sixth	1,407.39	1,409.17
Seventh through Eighth		_
Regular ADA	921.00	923.40
Extended Year Special Education	0.46	0.46
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	1.75	1.75
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.55	0.55
Total Seventh through Eighth	923.76	926.16
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	4,362.75	4,372.44

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2023-24		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	45,400	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,110	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,110	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,110	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,780	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,780	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	57,436	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	57,436	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	57,436	180	Complied

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	20	025 (Budget)	2024	2023	2022
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	113,944,064 \$	117,930,170	\$ 113,926,046	\$ 98,866,337
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		118,016,904	113,914,824	101,856,393	91,591,401
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(4,072,840) \$	4,015,346	\$ 12,069,653	\$ 7,274,936
	'				
Ending Fund Balance	\$	52,059,021 \$	56,131,861	\$ 50,859,408	\$ 38,789,755
Available Reserves*	\$	42,026,377 \$	45,737,572	\$ 39,578,345	\$ 30,260,954
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		35.61%	40.15%	38.86%	33.04%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	435,758,729 \$	456,260,896	\$ 475,473,160	\$ 360,332,800
Average Daily					
Attendance At P-2		4,500	4,363	4,265	4,251

The General Fund balance has increased by \$17,342,106 over the past two years. However, the fiscal year 2024-25 budget projects a decrease of \$4,072,840. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2024-25 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$95,928,096 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has experienced an increase of 112 ADA over the past two years. A further increase of 137 ADA is anticipated during the 2024-25 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**} Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			•	pecial Reserve Fund for stemployment
	Ge	eneral Fund		Benefits
June 30, 2024, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$	56,131,861	\$	7,171,914
Adjustments and reclassifications:				
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:				
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		7,171,914		(7,171,914)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		7,171,914		(7,171,914)
June 30, 2024, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	63,303,775	\$	-

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2024

	Stud	dent Activity Fund	D	Child Development Fund	c	Cafeteria Fund	Ca	pital Facilities Fund		County School Facilities Fund		•		Special Reserve und for Capital Outlay Projects	6	Non-Major Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS																
Cash and investments	\$	17,103	\$	1,284,386	\$	372,876	\$	8,437,275	\$	636	\$	9,113,825	\$	19,226,101		
Accounts receivable		-		13,631		973,606		81,864		31		83,809		1,152,941		
Due from other funds		-		274,068		-		-		-		-		274,068		
Stores inventory		-		-		104,711		-		-		-		104,711		
Total Assets	\$	17,103	\$	1,572,085	\$	1,451,193	\$	8,519,139	\$	667	\$	9,197,634	\$	20,757,821		
LIABILITIES																
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	60	\$	10,461	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,460	\$	16,981		
Due to other funds		-		99,580		-		_		-		-		99,580		
Unearned revenue		-		642,197		57,765		-		-		-		699,962		
Total Liabilities		-		741,837		68,226		-		-		- 6,460		816,523		
FUND BALANCES																
Non-spendable		-		-		104,711		-		-		-		104,711		
Restricted		17,103		830,248		1,278,256		8,519,139		667		5,087,399		15,732,812		
Assigned		-		-		-		_		-		4,103,775		4,103,775		
Total Fund Balances		17,103		830,248		1,382,967		8,519,139		667		9,191,174		19,941,298		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	17,103	\$	1,572,085	\$	1,451,193	\$	8,519,139	\$	667	\$	9,197,634	\$	20,757,821		

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		ent Activity Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria F	und	Сар	oital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES											
Federal sources	\$	- ;	\$ 11,944	\$ 1,81	7,578	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,829,522
Other state sources		-	2,646,345	2,99	3,917		-	-	-		5,640,262
Other local sources		9,251	262,085	10	7,713		952,653	667	1,450,151		2,782,520
Total Revenues		9,251	2,920,374	4,91	9,208		952,653	667	1,450,151		10,252,304
EXPENDITURES											_
Current											
Instruction		-	1,931,370		-		-	-	-		1,931,370
Instruction-related services											
School site administration		-	516,054		-		-	-	-		516,054
Pupil services											
Food services		-	-	3,95	3,916		-	-	-		3,953,916
General administration											
All other general administration		_	99,580		-		-	-	-		99,580
Facilities acquisition and construction		_	_		-		6,705	6,000	431,051		443,756
Ancillary services		10,313	-		-		-	-	-		10,313
Total Expenditures	·	10,313	2,547,004	3,95	3,916		6,705	6,000	431,051		6,954,989
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		-			<u> </u>			·	·		
Over Expenditures		(1,062)	373,370	96	5,292		945,948	(5,333)	1,019,100		3,297,315
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		, ,						,			
Transfers in		_	274,068		_		-	-	25,920		299,988
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-	274,068		-		-	-	25,920		299,988
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,062)	647,438	96	5,292		945,948	(5,333)	1,045,020		3,597,303
Fund Balance - Beginning		18,165	182,810		7,675		7,573,191	6,000	8,146,154		16,343,995
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	17,103				\$	8,519,139		\$ 9,191,174	\$	19,941,298
i ana balanco Enamg	Ψ	11,100	φ 000,210	Ψ 1,00	_,001	Ψ	5,510,100	Ψ 001	ψ 5,101,174	Ψ	10,011,200

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2024 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2024.

	AL	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the	_	_
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 5,450,925
Supply Chain Assistance Funds	10.555	(114,810)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 5,336,115

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

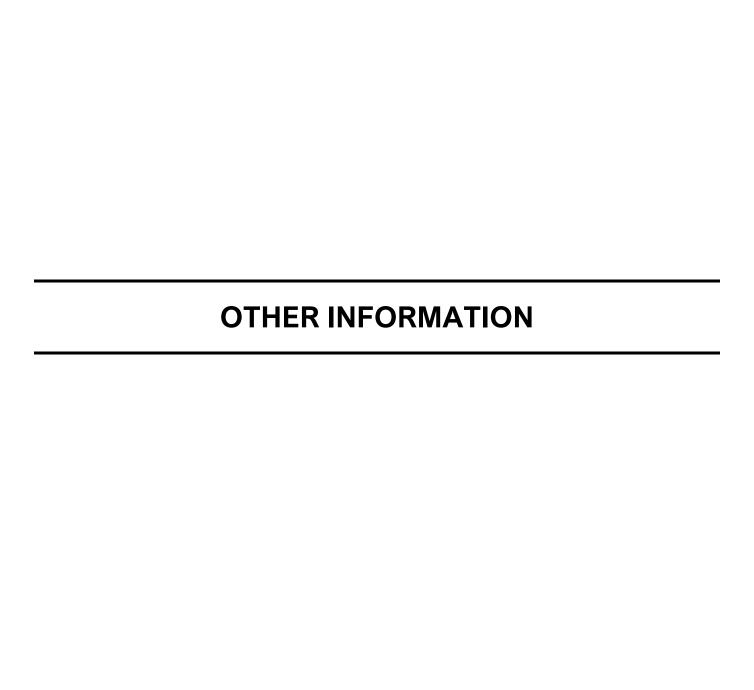
This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.



MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2024

The Mountain View Whisman School District services over 70,000 residents and over 5,000 students. The District was formed in 2001 when Mountain View School District and Whisman School District merged to form a single K-8 school district. The District is located at the southern tip of the San Francisco Bay and is comprised of eight elementary schools and two middle schools. There were no changes in boundaries during the fiscal year.

GOVERNING BOARD

0012				
Member	Office	Term Expires		
Devon Conley	President	2026		
Laura Blakely	Clerk	2024		
Laura Ramirez Berman	Member	2024		
William Lambert	Member	2026		
Christopher Chiang*	Member	2024		

^{*} Board member Christopher Chiang resigned in July 2024.

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Ayindé Rudolph**

Superintendent

Rebecca Westover
Chief Business Officer

Catherine Baur
Assistant Superintendent of Educational Services

Tara Vikjord
Chief Human Resources Officer

^{**} Dr. Ayindé Rudolph resigned his position as Superintendent on November 1, 2024. Dr. Kevin Skelly has been appointed to the Interim Superintendent position.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Mountain View Whisman School District Mountain View. California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain View Whisman School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Mountain View Whisman School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mountain View Whisman School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California November 12, 2024

histy White, Inc.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Mountain View Whisman School District Mountain View, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Mountain View Whisman School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Mountain View Whisman School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Mountain View Whisman School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Mountain View Whisman School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Mountain View Whisman School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over compliance
 relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

histy White, Inc.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California November 12, 2024

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE FOR STATE PROGRAMS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Mountain View Whisman School District Mountain View, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the requirements specified in the 2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting applicable to Mountain View Whisman School District's state program requirements as identified in the table in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report for the year ended June 30, 2024.

In our opinion, Mountain View Whisman School District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the applicable laws and regulations of the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Mountain View Whisman School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Mountain View Whisman School District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mountain View Whisman School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine Mountain View Whisman School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Not Applicable
Continuation Education	Not Applicable
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance (continued)

PDOOD AND NAME	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
Proposition 28 Arts and Music in Schools	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Not Applicable
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current fiscal year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

histy White, Inc.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California November 12, 2024



MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	:	
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?		No
EEDEDAL AWADDO		
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major program:		. 1
Material weakness(es) identified?		No No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are re	·	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.51	6(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:		
AL Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	
10.553, 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	-
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		- \$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
STATE AWARDS		
Internal control over state programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance		
with 2023-24 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?		No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:		Unmodified

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000 **AB 3627 FINDING TYPE**

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2024.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

MOUNTAIN VIEW WHISMAN SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FINDING #2023-001: COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL SAFETY PLAN (40000)

Criteria: Pursuant to California Education Code Sections 32280 - 32289, all California public schools kindergarten and grades one through twelve must develop a Comprehensive School Safety Plan (CSSP). CSSPs must be reviewed, updated, and approved by their respective school site council by March 1 of the current school year, and subsequently submitted to the District for final approval.

Condition: In testing the CSSPs for a representative sample of school sites, we were unable to confirm that the 2022-2023 CSSP was updated and adopted prior to the March 1 deadline for three out of three sites that were selected. The following final approval dates were noted in our review of the approved CSSPs and school site council meeting documents:

- Imai Elementary March 16, 2023
- Mistral Elementary March 28, 2023
- Crittenden Middle School April 4, 2023

Cause: Administrative oversight.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with applicable sections of Education Code.

Questioned Costs: None.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District implement procedures to ensure that CSSPs are developed and adopted by March 1 of each school year by each respective school site council. Following approval by the school site council, CSSPs should be submitted to the District for final approval.

Corrective Action Plan: To streamline the process for school sites, the Comprehensive School Safety Plans will be collected in late January by the District. In February, the district office will arrange to have a representative from the Mountain View Police Department sign the plans at a central location.

Current Status: Implemented.